THE INFORMATION IN THIS ARTICLE APPLIES TO:

• EFT v7.3.3 and later

NOTE: This article provides guidelines for using a third-party tool with EFT. This article is not meant as formal support for that tool, but only as an example of setup options. Contact the third-party seller's support for detailed information about their product. Globalscape is not responsible for any configuration errors involving the third-party tool.

Overview

This document describes the steps involved in creating an ADFS IDP server and configuring it for testing. ADFS is a service that can be installed on a Windows Server system via Server Manager.

See https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn528857.aspx

ADFS Prerequisites

• Windows 2012 Server with AD and Certificate Services installed.

ADFS installation

• Install ADFS

ADFS Configuration

Define your Federation Service Properties

• In the example image the AD Server's system name is ad and resides on the domain QATappin.local

AD FS	Service	
AD FS Server Certificates C	Service Federation Service Properties General Organization Events Events Federation Events Events Events Events Federation Service name: Events Events Events	
	Dample: http://fs.fabrikam.com/adfs/services/hust Web 550 lifetime: 450 © minutes	Apply

Define a Relaying Party Trust

- A relay party trust is basically where you tell the ADFS IDP server about your EFT.
- Select the option "Add relying party trust" to launch the configuration wizard.



Select the following options

- In the wizard, select the "Enter data about the relying party manually" option.
- On the **Choose Profile** add the AD FS Profile option (SAML 2.0 protocol).
- On the Configure certificate page, get your SSL Certificate specified your EFT Server's HTTPS SSL settings (you can grab the CRT file from programdata\globalscape\...and copy to your ADFS Sever. You will have to view all files when browsing to locate the certificate. Ignore the warning if you created your SSL Cert with less than 2048 bits.
- On the **Configure URL** page select the Enable support for the SAML 2.0 WebSSO protocol option.

Steps	AD FS supports the WS-Trust, WS-Federation and SAML 2.0 WebSSO protocols for relving parties. If
Welcome	WS-Federation, SAML, or both are used by the relying party, select the check boxes for them and specify the
Select Data Source	on to use. Support for the WS-must protocor is always enabled for a reiging party.
Specify Display Name	Enable support for the WS-Federation Passive protocol
Choose Profile	The WS-Federation Passive protocol URL supports Web-browser-based claims providers using the WS-Federation Passive protocol.
Configure Certificate	Relying party WS-Federation Passive protocol URL:
Configure URL	
Configure Identifiers	Example: https://fs.contoso.com/adfs/ls/
Configure Multi-factor Authentication Now?	Enable support for the SAML 2.0 WebSSO protocol
 Choose Issuance Authorization Rules 	The SAML 2.0 single-sign-on (SSO) service URL supports Web-browser-based claims providers using th SAML 2.0 WebSSO protocol.
Ready to Add Trust	Relying party SAML 2.0 SSO service URL:
Finish	https://EFTC:4432/sp/samlv2/sso

- Note below we specified port 4432, the PORT that the EFT Server's HTTPS protocol is listening on.
- On the **Configure Identifiers** page enter your EFT Server's Entity ID. This is the Server Provider Entity ID field from your EFT Server's WEB SSO SAML configuration.

Steps	Relving parties may be identified by one or more unique identifier strings. Specify the identifie
Welcome	party trust.
Select Data Source	Relying party trust identifier:
Specify Display Name	https://EFTC/
Choose Profile	Example: https://fs.contoso.com/adfs/services/trust
Configure Certificate	Relying party trust identifiers:
Configure URL	
Configure Identifiers	

- On the **Configure Multi-factor authentication now?** option accept the default "I do not want..." option.
- On the **Choose Issuance Authorization Rules** option accept the default "permit.." option.
- Finish the Wizard, You have now defined EFT as an authorized Service Provider to the ADFS IDP backend.

Define Claim Rules

- Now that we've told our IDP server about our EFT Server (our SP) we need to tell our IDP what values we should expect from EFT to use to validate against our LDAP IDP server. Claim rules define these incoming parameters.
- Claim rules can also be used to transform your incoming authentication criteria into a
 format recognized by your backed authorization service. For example, EFT may send a
 request to authenticate user Parker@qatappin.local to our IDP server but our LDAP
 server will only authenticate based on just the user name "Parker" so we would create
 a claim rule to expect from our SP (EFT) a nameID in an email format and to transform
 it to just the username, we would then send the transformed username to our LDAP (or
 whatever backend you are authenticating against) and validate the user.
- Open up the Claim Rules editor for the EFT Relay Party you previously defined.

- Press the Edit Claims Rule link to launch the create Claim Rule Wizard. Add a an LDAP as Attributes Claim rule as shown below.
- We will configure our EFT SSO settings to use a NameID of type Email Address, here we are telling our ADFS IDP server to expect an email address and to use it to query the LDAP server to validate the user.

You c which	an configure this rule to send the values to extract LDAP attributes. Specify how	LDAP attributes as e attributes will map	claims. Select an attribute store from to the outgoing claim types that will be
Claim	nie name:		
LDAP	Attributes as Claims		
Attribu	ite store:		
Mapp	ing of LDAP attributes to outgoing claim t	es:	
	LDAP Attribute (Select or type to	Outgoing Claim	Type (Select or type to add more)
	add more)		
•	E-Mail-Addresses	E-Mail Address	v

• Next we are going to add another Claim rule, this time select the Claim Rule Template *Transform an Incoming Claim*. This will transfer our Email Address claim to associate Email with our NameID.

Bule template: Transform an	Incoming Claim	
Incoming claim type:	E-Mail Address	~1
Incoming name ID format:	Unapedified	
Outgoing claim type:	Name ID	~
Outgoing name ID format:	Email	~
Outgoing claim value:		Browse
Replace incoming e-mail	ouffox claims with a new e-mail auffix	
New e-mail suffic:		

• The Claim Rule order is important, make sure that rule 1 is the LDAP attributes as Claims exists prior to the Persistent ID Claim rule.

ssuance 7	Fransform Rules	Issuance Authorization Rule:	Delegation Authorization R
	uuina transform a	los apocifu the alaims that will	he sent to the relying party
The folio	wing transform n	lies specify the ciaims that will	De serie to the reiving party.
The folic	wing transform to	dies specify the claims that will	be sent to the relying party.
Order	Rule Name	dies specify the claims that will	Issued Claims
Order	Rule Name	s as Claims	Issued Claims E-Mail Address

Define Authentication Policies

• This is where we define how we are going to permit users to log into the IDP Server from the WTC SSO login button. Here we are going to permit login from a regular WEB Page rather than from, for example a windows authentication popup box.

AD FS	Authentication Policies		
⊿ 📔 Service	Edit Global Authentication Policy		
 Endpoints Certificates Claim Descriptions Trust Relationships Claims Provider Trusts Relying Party Trusts Attribute Stores Authentication Policies Per Relying Party Trust 	Primary Multi-factor Select authentication methods. By selecting more than one authentication method, you enable users to have a choice of what method to authenticate with at sign in. If Integrated Windows authentication method is specified, it appears as the default authentication method on browsers that support Integrated Windows authentication. Extranet Image: Torms Authentication Intranet Image: Torms Authentication Image: Torms Authentication		

• With Forms authentication enabled when users log into WTC and press the SSO Login button they will be directed to the ADFS Server's Forms based login page, as shown below.

t View	Favorites	Tools Help	Sign in X	c 🛱 Conve
			adfs server	
			Sign in with your organizational account	
			parker@	×

Configuring EFT's WEB SSO

Create your EFT Site

- Create a GS Auth Site with HTTPS enabled, here we are using port 4432
- Create a user whose login name is an email address that exists on your AD Server.

LocalHost [1.	27.0.0.1:1100] - Connected as administrator [Started			
File Edit View Configuration Tools Reports Win	dow Help			
🖉 🌮 🎯 🕶 🕶 🖌 🔁 🧏 🌺 🎦 🍕	l 🛎 🛎 🔀 🤜 🖬 🖏 🖏 🐘 🐚			
Report 🚱 Status 🔂 VFS 🗐 Server	General Connections Security Workspaces			
Default Server Group Default Server Group LocalHost MySite Cuite T and be	Listener Settings Choose the protocol over which dients can connect to this site. I and for compliance with security mandates such as PCI DSS, cho Listening IP addresses: All Incoming (IPv4)			
Default Settings				
administrator@	□ FTP21			
Fine Groups	FTPS (SSL / TLS) - Explicit mode			
Commands	FTPS (SSL / TLS) - Implicit mode 990			
Advanced Workflows Connection Profiles	SFTP (SSH2)			
Event Rules	✓ HTTP 80			
Gateway	✓ HTTPS (SSL) 4432 -			
Search (Ctrl+F)	AS2* AS2 Config - Use yourdomain/as			
	Allow Globalscape Mobile Transfer Client (MTC) over HTTPS*			

Configure EFT's SSO Settings

	Web SSO SAML Configuration
ervice Prov	ider:
Entity ID:	https://EFTC/
Reserved F	Path:
/sp/samlv	2/sso
entity Prov	vider:
Entity ID:	http://a
POST URL:	
https://a	/adfs/ls
Public Key:	C:\adfs-token-signing-cert.cer
sername: Location in Attribute n	assertion: NameID Attribute
Identi <mark>f</mark> er fo	ormat:
Email Addr	ess
Parse the u	username using the regular expresssion:
Turn <mark>on T</mark> ra	ace for SAML logger in logging.cfg

Configuration Values

- *Entity ID*: Your EFT Server's URL make sure that whatever you use resolves to a valid IP address (modify your hosts file if needed and add your EFT system to the same domain as your ADFS Server).
- *Reserved Path*: Set by Default by EFT.
- *Identity Provider*: Your IDP's identifier (as depicted below):

🛗 AD FS	Service
▲ Service ■ Endpoints	Federation Service Properties
Certificates	General Organization Events
 Claim Descriptions Trust Relationships Claims Provider Trusts Relying Party Trusts Attribute Stores 	Federation Service display name:
	Example: Fabrikam Federation Service Federation Service name:
 Authentication Policies Per Relying Party Trust 	Example: fs.fabrikam.com
	Federation Service identifier:
	http://
	Example: http://fs.fabrikam.com/adfs/services/trust Web SSO lifetime: 480 - minutes

• *POST URL*: On your ADFS Server go to Endpoints and locate the endpoint URL path for the SAML 2.0 specification

AD FS	Endpoints				
∠ Service Endpoints	Enabled Token Is	Proxy Enabled suance	URL Path	Туре	
Certificates	Yes	Yes	/adfs/ls/	SAML 2.0/WS-Federation	
	No	No	/adfs/services/trust/2005/windows	WS-Trust 2005	
Claima Desuidas Tausta	No	No	/adfs/services/trust/2005/windowsmixed	WS-Trust 2005	
Claims Provider Trusts	Yes	Yes	/adfs/services/trust/2005/windowstransport	WS-Trust 2005	
Relying Party Trusts	No	No	/adfs/services/trust/2005/certificate	WS-Trust 2005	
Attribute Stores	Yes	Yes	/adfs/services/trust/2005/certificatemixed	WS-Trust 2005	

• *Public Key*: On your ADFS Server export the server's Token-signing certificate and copy it to your EFT Server. Reference it in your Public Key SSO configuration field.

Gian alogo	Mail Carlos	

• User Name: The User Name field is the value you send to your IDP server to validate that the user is authentic. In this example we are going to configure our ADFS Server to expect the User Name ID field to come in in the format of an Email Address.

Log in to WTC Via SSO

- now launch WTC And and press the SSO Button. You should be redirected to the ADFS IDP page.
- Log in, you should be redirected to the user's WTC homepage.

Troubleshooting TIPS

• For this example test that uses EFT's SSO Configuration defined to use Email Addresses your AD Users need to have Email addresses defined for them.

Turn on ADFS logging



• Open Up Event Viewer and enable analytic and debug logs. Refresh your view; a new AD FS Tracing folder will appear.



• Right click on Debug and select Enable Log



GlobalSCAPE Knowledge Base

https://kb.globalscape.com/Knowledgebase/11324/Creating-and-configuring-an-...